

Background of IPCC TFI

UN Climate Change Conference
4 December 2015
Paris, France





Task Force on National Greenhouse Gas Inventories (TFI)

- IPCC was established by WMO and UNEP in 1988.
- TFI was established by IPCC at the 14th Session in 1998.
- Objectives
 - to develop and refine an internationally-agreed methodology and software for the calculation and reporting of national GHG emissions and removals;
 - to encourage the widespread use of this methodology by countries participating in the IPCC and by signatories of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC).



Transition from AR5 to AR6 cycle

- IPCC 41st Session (Feb 2015, Nairobi, Kenya) decided:
 - ❖ The IPCC will continue to prepare every 5-7 years comprehensive Assessment Reports (AR).
 - The IPCC will continue to prepare Methodology Reports on National Greenhouse Gas Inventories.
 - The TFI will be retained with current mandate and structure.

• IPCC 42nd Session (Oct 2015, Dubrovnik, Croatia) elected new TFB for AR6 cycle.





Structure of the IPCC (2015 -)



IPCC Plenary

IPCC Bureau

IPCC Executive Committee

IPCC Secretariat (in Geneva, Switzerland)

Working Group I

The Physical Science Basis

TSU (France)

Working Group II

Climate Change Impacts, Adaptation and Vulnerability

TSU

(Germany)

Working Group III

Mitigation of Climate Change

TSU (UK)

Task Force on National Greenhouse Gas Inventories (TFI)

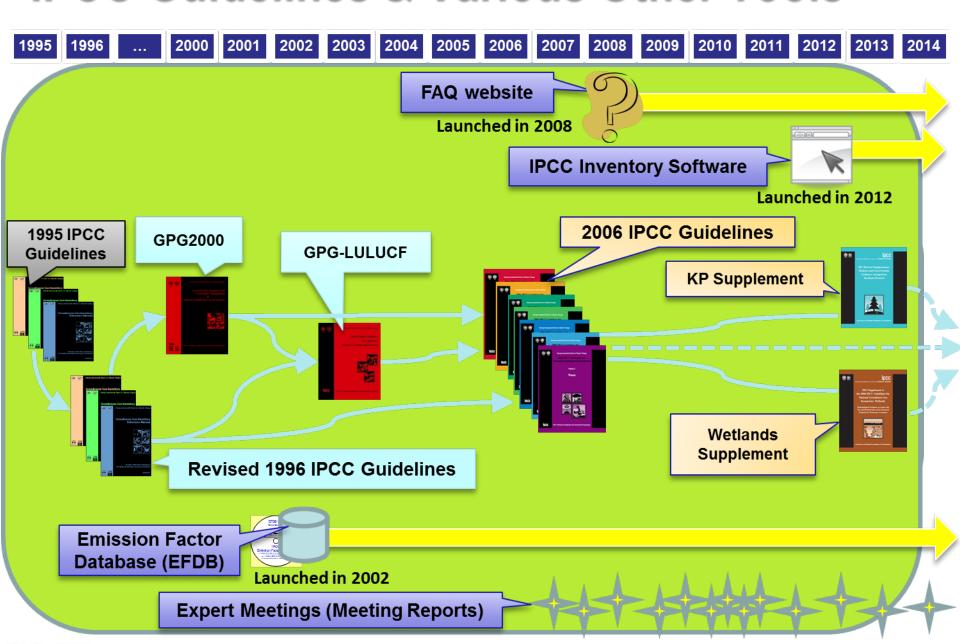
TSU (Japan)

Authors, Contributors, Reviewers





IPCC Guidelines & Various Other Tools



This Side Event:

- Provides you with up-to-date information on IPCC TFI activities to support UNFCCC process.
- Delivers presentations on:
 - On-going TFI Activities such as
 - Technical Assessment of Inventory Guidelines
 - Emission Factor Database
 - Inventory Software; and
 - Experience and expectation by users of TFI products which will be shared by:
 - An Annex I Party (Finland)
 - A non- Annex I Party (Chile)
 - UNFCCC Secretariat







Thank You

Any Questions?

