

Global Protocol for Community-Scale Greenhouse Gas Emission Inventories (GPC)

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Core Partners:









Presentation Outline

- 1. GPC development process
- 2. Technical contents

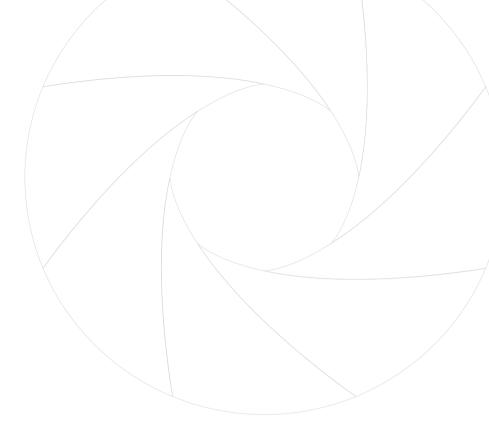












1. GPC Development Process







Core Partners







30 years experience in promoting sustainability worldwide

14 years of GHG accounting standard development experience

Represent **68** of the largest cities from around the world committed to implementing meaningful and sustainable climaterelated actions

Represent > 1200 local government members worldwide

Over 20 years experience in addressing urban sustainability issues







Supporting Partners







UN Environment Programme, UN Habitat, World Bank Recognize New Global Protocol for Urban GHG Emissions, Encourage its Use

SUBMITTED BY DAN HOORNWEG ON MON, 2012-05-14 14:54

In March this year, we posted a blog on the draft edition of a global protocol for city-scale GHG emissions, announced jointly by ICLEI - Local Governments for Sustainability, C40, and the World Resources Institute (WRI).

Yesterday, a pilot version of the protocol was released at the UNFCCC climate meetings in Bonn, Germany, And today, UNEP, UN-Habitat and the World Bank expressed appreciation to ICLEI - Local Governments for Sustainability, C40, and WRI for this accomplishment. To learn more about the significance of the protocol, read this news feature.

Moving forward, C40, ICLEI, and WRI will incorporate the pilot test's results and expand the protocol into a more comprehensive GHG accounting standard for community-scale emissions. This will enable local governments to account for how demand for goods and services as well as local innovative technologies can impact a GHG footprint.

I didn't make it to Bonn for the release event but Anthony Bigio from the World Bank's Urban Anchor was there. Check out the World Bank's press release below:

May 15-Two UN agencies and the World Bank today expressed appreciation at the launch of a pilot version of a Global Protocol for Community-scale Greenhouse Gas Emissions, designed to harmonize







emissions measurement and reporting process for the world's cities. The protocol was released at the UNFCCC climate meetings in Bonn by C40 Cities Climate Leadership Groupand ICLEI - Local Governments for Sustainability, with input from the World Resources Institute.

http://blogs.worldbank.org/sustainablecities/ghq-protocol









Advisory Committee

Advisory Committee

- 1. Pankaj Bhatia, WRI/GHGP
- 2. Seth Schultz, C40
- 3. Yunus Arikan, ICLEI
- 4. Stephen Hammer, World Bank
- 5. Robert Kehew, UN-HABITAT
- 6. Soraya Smaoun, UNEP
- 7. Matthew Lynch, WBCSD
- 8. Sergey Kononov, UNFCCC
- Kiyoto Tanabe, IPCC
- 10. Junichi Fujino, IGES/NIES

- 11. Kyra Appleby, CDP
- 12. Jan Corfee-Morlot, OECD
- 13. Maria Varbeva-Daley, BSI
- 14. Michael Steinhoff, ICLEI US
- 15. Alvin Meijia, Clean Air Asia
- 16. Carina Borgström-Hansson, WWF
- 17. Christophe Nuttall, R20
- 18. Yoshiaki Ichikawa, ISO
- 19. Adam Szolyak, Covenant of Mayors

Special Invitees

Cities

- 20. Buenos Aires
- 21. Arendal
- 22. London
- 23. Mexico City
- 24. Tokyo

National Governments

- 25. France (ADEME)
- 26. Indonesia (NCCC)

Foundations

- 25. CIFF
- 26. Siemens
- 27. Bloomberg Philanthropies









Release of the GPC Pilot Version 1.0

Pilot Version 1.0 - May 2012

GLOBAL PROTOCOL FOR COMMUNITY-SCALE **GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS** (GPC)

Pilot Version 1.0 - May 2012

Global Protocol for Community-Scale GHG Emissions (GPC)









Bonn, May 14, 2012









Pilot Program









Stakeholder consultation workshops



Beijing, Apr 2013



Dar es Salaam, Oct 2013



New Delhi, Dec 2013



Sao Paulo, May 2013



London, Sept 2013



Jakarta, Jan 2014

Beijing

participants

Sao Paulo

participants

London

participants

Dar es Salaam

participants

New Delhi

participants

Jakarta

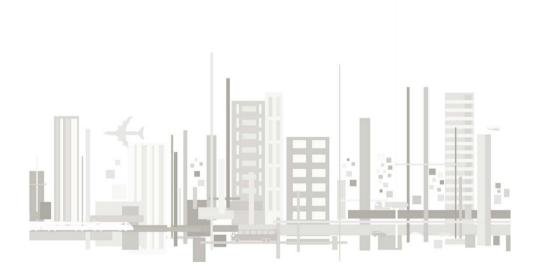
participants

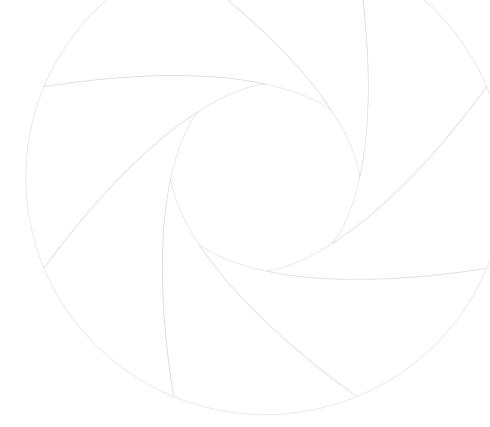


Timelines

Activities	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	0	N	D
Revision and drafting												
Public comment												
Revision												
Copyediting, design, printing												
Launch												







2. Technical contents





Purpose of the GPC

- 1. Help cities develop a comprehensive and robust GHG inventory to support climate action planning
- 2. Ensure consistent and transparent measurement and reporting of GHG emissions between cities
- 3. Enable cities to report mitigation performance in **national** or international framework
- 4. Demonstrate the importance of cities in tackling climate change, and facilitate insight through benchmarking, and aggregation, of comparable data





Relationship to other metrics

The GPC builds upon the knowledge, experiences, and practices of existing standards

IPCC	IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories
ICLEI	International Local Government GHG Emissions Analysis Protocol
UNEP, UN Habitat, World Bank	International Standard for Determining Greenhouse Gas Emissions for Cities
ICLEI-USA	U.S. Community Protocol for Accounting and Reporting of Greenhouse Gas Emissions
GHG Protocol	GHG Protocol standards
Covenant of Mayors	Baseline Emissions Inventory / Monitoring Emissions Inventory methodology
BSI	PAS 2070: Specification for the assessment of greenhouse gas emissions of a city







Key features of the GPC

- Emphasis on both production and consumption-based emissions
- Emphasis on boundary issues to separate inboundary & transboundary emissions (enable data aggregation)
- Reporting:
 - Territorial, compatible with IPCC Guidelines
 - Community-driven activities (inboundary "plus")
- Use of notation keys and indicative data quality assessment





Assessment boundaries

- Time period
- Greenhouse gases
- Geographic boundaries
- **Emission sources**









Scope framework

Scope 1 **Emissions**

Emissions

Scope 3 **Emissions**

All GHG emissions from sources located within the boundary of the city

All GHG emissions occurring as a consequence of the use of grid-supplied electricity, heating and/or cooling within the city boundary

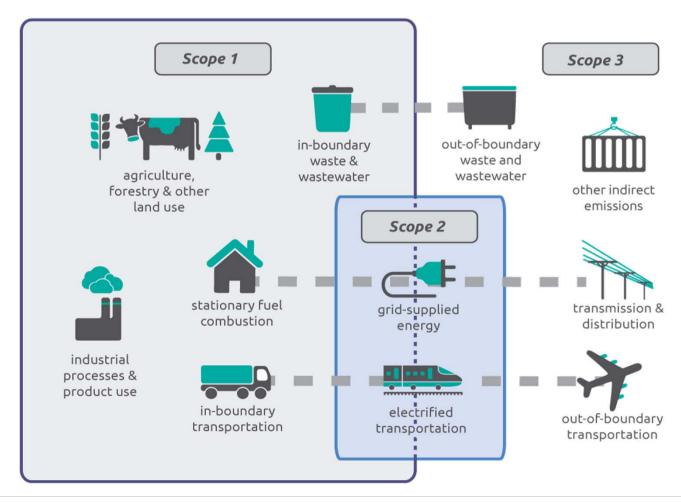
Scope 2

All other GHG emissions that occur outside the city boundary as a result of activities within the city's boundary





Geographic boundaries and scopes



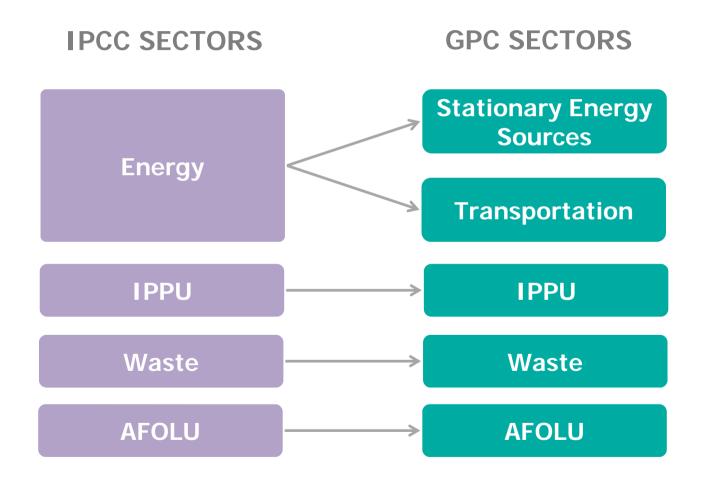








Emission sources

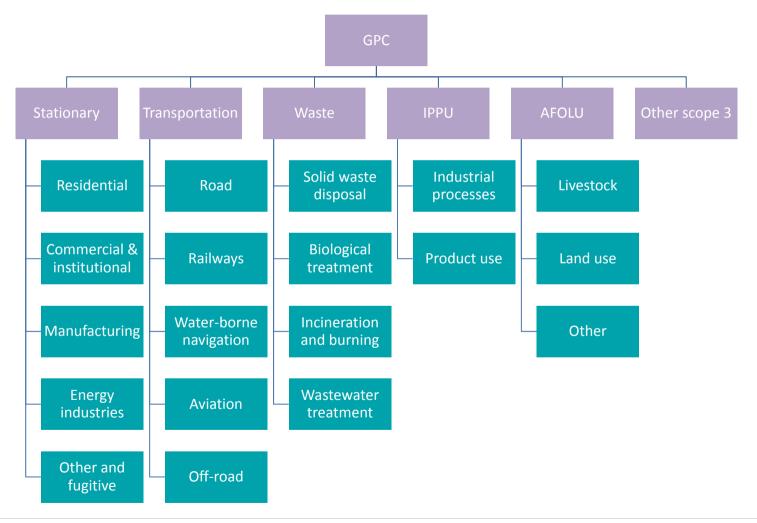








Sub-sectors









Reporting levels

Basic

Scope 1

- Energy-Stationary*
- Energy-Transportation
- Wastes*

Scope 2

Scope 3

Wastes

Basic+

Scope 1

- Energy-Stationary*
- Energy-Transportation
- Wastes*
- IPPU
- AFOLU
- IPPU

Scope 2

Scope 3

- Wastes
- Transportation

Expanded

Full coverage of Scopes 1, 2, and 3



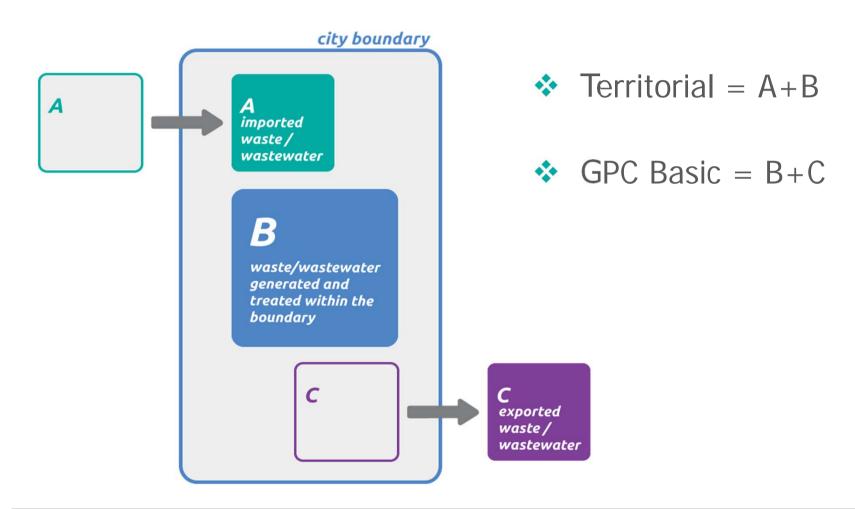




Sectors	Scope 1	Scope 2	Scope 3			
STATIONARY ENERGY						
Residential buildings	X	X	Х			
Commercial buildings	Х	X	Х			
Institutional buildings	X	X	X			
Manufacturing industries and construction	Х	Х	Х			
Energy industries	Х	Х	X			
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing activities	Х	Х	X			
Non-specified sources	X	X	X			
Mining, processing, storage, and transportation of coal	X					
Oil and natural gas systems	X					
TRANSPORTATION						
On-road	Х	Х	Х			
Railways	Х	Х	X			
Water-borne navigation	Х	Х	X			
Aviation	Х	Х	X			
Off-road	Х	Х				
WASTE						
Solid waste disposal	Х		Х			
Biological treatment of waste	Х		Х			
Incineration and open burning	Х		Х			
Wastewater treatment and discharge	Х		Х			
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE (IPPU)						
Industrial processes	Х					
Product use	Х					
AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND LAND USE (AFOLU)						
Livestock	Х					
Land Other agriculture BASIC+	X					
Other agriculture	Х					
OTHER INDIRECT EMISSIONS			X			



Territorial v GPC Basic

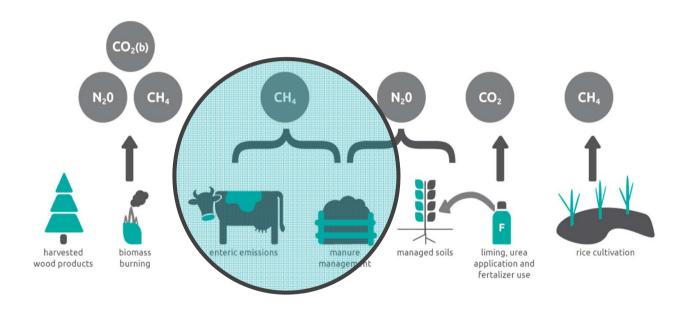






Methodology: Example 1

CH₄ from enteric fermentation and manure management



• $CH_4 = (N_{(T)} * EF_{(Enteric, T)}) + (N_{(T)} * EF_{(Manure, T)})$ where T = species; N = number of animals; and EF = emission factor



Methodology: Example 2

CH₄ from solid waste sent to landfill (methane commitment)

Source: Adapted from Revised 1996 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories.

Equation 8.2 Methane commitment for Solid Waste sent to landfill											
CH ₄ Emissions = M _{waste} x L ₀ x (1-f _{rec}) x (1-OX)											
Description			Value								
CH ₄ Emissions	=	Total CH ₄ emissions in metric tonnes	Computed								
M _{waste}	=	Mass of solid Waste sent to landfill in	User input								
		inventory year, measured in metric tonnes									
Lo	=	Methane generation potential	See Equation 8.3								
f _{rec}	=	Fraction of methane recovered at the	User input								
		landfill (flared or energy recovery)									
OX	=	Oxidation factor	0.1 for well-managed landfills;								
			0 for unmanaged landfills								
		•									





Reporting requirements

Assessment boundary

- Geographic boundary and city overview
- Emission sources, reporting period and level

Emissions

- Emissions by gas, source, scope
- Exclusions

Methodologies & data quality

- Methodologies
- Data quality

Emission changes over time

- Base year
- Emissions profile over time
- · Base year emissions recalculation









Reporting templates

GPC	Soone	GHG Emissions Source	Notation keys				Greenhouse gas emissions (tCO2e) Data Quality E									Explana-		
ref no.	Scope	GIG Emissions source	ΙE	NE	NO	NA	CO 2	CH4	N2O	HFC	PFC	SF6	NF3	CO2e	CO2(b	AD	EF	tion
- 1		STATIONARY ENERGY SOURCES																
1.1		Residential buildings																
		Emissions from in-boundary fuel																
1.1.1	1	combustion																
1.1.2	2	Emissions from consumption of grid-supplied energy																
1.1.3	3	Transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy																
1.2		Commercial and institutional buildings / facilities																
		Emissions from in-boundary fuel																
1.2.1	1	combustion																
1.2.2	2	Emissions from consumption of grid-supplied energy																
1.2.3	3	Transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy																
1.3		Manufacturing industry and construction																
		Emissions from in-boundary fuel																
1.3.1	1	combustion																
1.3.2	2	Emissions from consumption of grid-supplied energy																
1.3.3	3	Transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy																
1.4		Energy industries																
1.4.1	1	Emissions from in-boundary production of grid-supplied energy																
1.4.2	2	Emissions from consumption of grid-supplied energy																
1.4.3	3	Transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy																
		Emissions from in-boundary production of energy used in																
1.4.4	1	auxiliary operations																
1.5		Agriculture, forestry and fishing activities																
1.5.1	1	Emissions from in-boundary fuel combustion																
1.5.2	2	Emissions from consumption of grid-supplied energy																
1.5.3	3	Transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy																
1.6		Non-specified sources																
1.6.1	1	Emissions from in-boundary fuel combustion																
1.6.2	2	Emissions from consumption of grid-supplied energy																
1.6.3	3	Transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy																







Thank You!

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